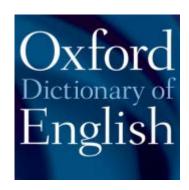


Jared Baeten MD, PhD Thesla Palanee, PhD

Implementation Update
ASPIRE Protocol Team Meeting
February 2014



What does ASPIRE mean?



aspire(as·pire)

Pronunciation: /əˈspī(ə)r/

verb

[no object]

direct one's hopes or ambitions toward achieving something:

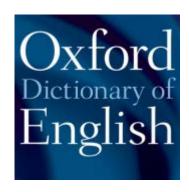
we never thought that we might aspire to those heights

[with infinitive]:

other people will aspire to be like you



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we never thought that we might **aspire to** those heights [with infinitive]:

other people will aspire to be like you

ASPIRE

 $\sqrt{a-sp}(-a)r$

noun:

- 1. A Phase III study that seeks to determine whether a woman's use of a vaginal ring containing dapivirine is a safe and effective method for protecting against HIV infection.
- 2. A Study to Prevent Infection with a Ring for Extended Use verb:
- 1. To seek to end the HIV epidemic < We aspire to prevent HIV



Outline

Meeting overview

- Past
- Present
- Future



Meeting overview

- A great day:
 - MORNING: focus on ASPIRE, Ring Study,
 CAT and Lab updates
 - AFTERNOON: Qualitative work, BRWG update and how to prep for Regulatory inspections, 015 and 016
 - THROUGHOUT: strong coffee and remembering our Big 5 metrics, working together as a team

Past



MTN-020 / ASPIRE

A Multi-Center, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Phase III
 Safety and Effectiveness Trial of a Vaginal Matrix Ring Containing
 Dapivirine for the Prevention of HIV-1 Infection in Women





The Big Five

Accrual

Data Quality and Timeliness

Retention

Clinical and Laboratory Safety



Adherence

ASPIRE calendar

- January 2011 and ongoing
 - Multilevel consultations on the science and implementation, leading to protocol version 1.0 in September 2011
- August 2012 present
 - Start and go! Enrollments, follow-up, highest-quality execution of all protocol aspects
- November 2012, May 2013
 - DSMB reviews
- August & October 2013
 - SMC reviews
- □ November 2013
 - DSMB review



Efficacy and effectiveness



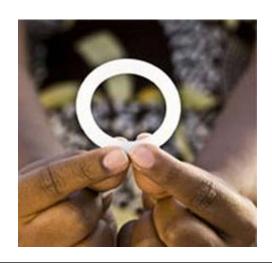


A Study to Prevent Infection with a Ring for Extended Use

March 2013: learning from PrEP trials

	HIV protection for FTC/TDF versus placebo	% of blood samples with tenofovir detected	
Partners PrEP	75%	81%	
TDF2	62%	79%	
iPrEx	44%	51%	
FEM-PrEP	No HIV protection	~30%	
VOICE	No HIV protection	~30%	

No adherence = no HIV protection



Adherence is Everything

Jared Baeten MD PhD
Thesla Palanee PhD

ASPIRE Adherence Meeting Durban, South Africa 14 March 2013



Adherence Action!

- Products don't work if they aren't used
- Since March 2013:

Recognition of priority: scale-up across sites

Participant and staff engagement activities

IoR and SCs involved with difficult participants counselling

Fun waiting room discussions and social events

HIV ribbon and ring activities

Male partner engagement efforts

Visual inspection of the rings

PK data reviewed, shared, and acted upon

Learning from qualitative component of ASPIRE

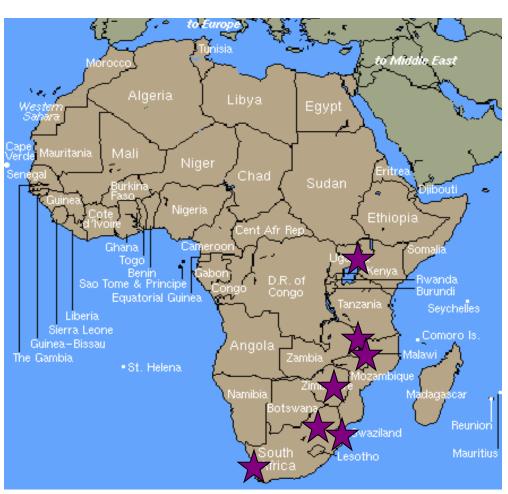
Collection of used rings



Present



15 Sites across 4 countries



Blantyre Lilongwe **Malawi**

Cape Town
Durban (7 sites)
Johannesburg
South Africa

Kampala **Uganda**

Harare/Chitungwiza (3 sites) **Zimbabwe**



Accrual (19 Feb 2014)

Site	First enr	# enr	scr:enr ratio
MA – Blantyre	13 JUN 13	85	1.5
MA – Lilongwe	17 JUN 13	84	1.4
SA – Cape Town	19 SEP 2012	150	1.3
SA – CAPRISA eThekwini	10 OCT2012	176	3.1
SA – MRC/Botha's Hill	10 SEP 2012	147	2.3
SA – MRC/Chatsworth	11 SEP 2012	125	2.8
SA – MRC/Isipingo	19 SEP 2012	117	2.7
SA – MRC/Tongaat	17 SEP 2012	103	3.3
SA – MRC/Verulam	13 SEP 2012	118	2.4
SA – MRC/Umkomaas	14 SEP 2012	87	2.5
SA – WHRI/Hillbrow	30 OCT 2012	167	1.8
UG – Kampala	21 AUG 2012	243	1.5
ZI – Seke South	01 NOV 12	193	1.9
ZI – Spilhaus	30 OCT 12	195	1.7
ZI– Zengeza	13 NOV 12	179	1.8
TOTAL		2169 (!!!)	2.1 ASPIR

Enrolments

2169 – on schedule to achieve current targets in ~May 2014!





Screen outs

- □ As of 19 February 2014:
 - 4503 screened, 2168 enrolled (2.1 ratio)
 - 261 did not complete screening
 - 28 declined enrollment
 - 2046 ineligible
 - □ 777 (38%) HIV+
 - 172 (8%) pregnant; 27 (1%) breastfeeding
 - 408 (17.5 %) clinical/laboratory exclusion
 - 572 (28%) "other" including investigator decision



Who is enrolling?



- Mean age: 27.3 years, Median: 26 years
 - 39% <25 years, 14% ≥35 years
- Unmarried: MA (19%), SA (92%), UG (34%), ZI (16%)
- Secondary schooling complete: MA (11%),
 SA (45%), Zim (5%), and Uganda (50%).
- 100% had a primary partner in past 3 months
 - 18% had ≥1 other partner in past 3 months

Retention: As at 12 Feb 14

- 2001/2044 Month 1 visits (98%)
- 1911/1982 Month 2 visits (96%)
- 1801/1877 Month 3 visits (96%)
- 1713/1810 Month 4 visits (95%)
- 1619/1720 Month 5 visits (94%)
- 1527/1643 Month 6 visits (93%)
- 1467/1568 Month 7 visits (94%)
- 1347/11485 Month 8 visits (93%)
- 1278/1375 Month 9 visits (93%)
- 1182/11288 Month 10 visits (92%)
- 1101/1204 Month 11 visits (91%)
- 981/1083 Month 12 visits (92%)
- 812/912 Month 13 visits (89%)
- 681/779 Month14 visits (87%)
- 587/669 Month15 visits (88%)
- 374/420 Month16 visits(89%)
- 150/172 Month 17 visits (87%)
- 35/37 Month 18 visits (95%)

FEW MISSED VISITS AND RINGS ARE OFTEN DISPENSED AHEAD OF PLANNED MISSED VISITS!

RETENTION SUMMARY:

OVERALL = 93.3% EXCLUDING TERMS = 96.6% LAST 3 MONTHS = 96.8%



Adherence Measurements and Monitoring

- We have learned much (and reacted to much) about non-use, non-interest?
 - Who returns without rings in place? Rings coming out?
 - IoR discretion to terminate ppts who are non-adherent to study visits or product
 - Qualitative interviews, staff observations
 - Blood and swab samples
 - Off-site visits to deliver rings
 - Ring drug level assessments



Data Quality and Timeliness



MTN-020 (ASPIRE) DATA MANAGEMENT QUALITY REPORT

January 2014



Previous Month: January 2014

Site	Total Records	Total QCs	QC Rate Per 100 Records	% CRF Pages Received Within 7 Days	Mean Days to Fax in AE
Spilhaus/Zimbabwe	2135	25	1.2	98%	4.8
Seke South/Zimbabwe	2024	21	1.0	99%	4.4
Blantyre/Malawi	764	43	5.6	100%	24.7
Lilongwe/Malawi	786	13	1.7	30%	19.6
MRC - Chatsworth	966	29	3.0	97%	4.0
MRC - Botha's Hill	1247	67	5.4	95%	9.8
MRC - Umkomaas	685	35	5.1	94%	1.5
MU-JHU/Kampala, Uganda	2368	73	3.1	98%	4.7
Zengeza/Zimbabwe	1688	18	1.1	99%	2.7
MRC - Isipingo	1161	32	2.8	99%	1.2
MRC - Tongaat	1044	32	3.1	99%	6.4
MRC - Verulam	1137	20	1.8	100%	0.3
CAPRISA eThekwini	1794	97	5.4	98%	3.7
WRHI/Johannesburg	1583	69	4.4	96%	3.9
Emavundleni/Cape Town	1496	51	3.4	100%	17.5
TOTAL	20878	625	3.0	96%	7.7





Safety

- Safety is the co-primary endpoint of the study
 - Evaluating whether the product is safe is just as important as whether the product is effective for HIV prevention
 - Regulatory authorities will scrutinize safety data and careful attention to safety documentation is critical



Contraceptive Action Team

- Meeting in Johannesburg : Feb 2014
- Incredibly motivated and innovative approaches to broaden contraceptive mix, counsel on highly-effective and safe methods, and provide methods on site
- Coming soon : Implants in SA
- Real change



Laboratory

- Laboratory results and archived samples are central to this study
- Sample shipments
- Ring Shipments

THANK YOU FOR ALL THE HARD WORK



Team communications

- Monthly Protocol team calls
 - Tremendously valuable, site-driven, sharing experiences
- loR calls regards the PK data
- Qualitative calls
- Weekly priority emails from fhi360 to sites
 - Collating protocol team priorities
- Listservs
 - Cross-site communications/sharing
- FHI360 Site assessment visits
- Patrick Ndase, MTN Regional Physicians site visits



Future



We are all in this together

 We all work together – all parts of the study are all our business

Recruitment QC/QA

Retention Regulatory

Adherence Safety Monitoring

Sample collection Space/facilities

Staff morale Study drug/pharmacy

Community/outreach Contraception

Communications Lab-clinic interface

Lab quality Monitoring follow-up

A Study to Prevent Infection with a Ring for Extended Use

The Big Five

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Adherence

End of enrollment

- ASPIRE protocol planned to enroll approximately 3476 women, anticipating a background HIV incidence of 3.9% per year
 - With at least 120 HIV seroconversions required to assess HIV protection with confidence & goal of ≥12 months of safety per participant
- Recent data (VOICE, FEM-PrEP) have demonstrated that HIV incidence is, unfortunately, higher than 3.9% per year in several settings; in addition, ASPIRE enrollment has been >1 y
 - Thus, fewer than 3476 enrollees may be necessary. Note: this does not imply anything (+ or -) about ring effectiveness in the trial.
 - We anticipate that the current site targets will be sufficient.
 To confirm with SMC & DSMB in May.

with a Ring for Extended Use

End of enrollment = Q2 2014!

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 - DSMB review
- May 2014
 - 5th = SMC, 29/30 = DSMB



Timeline

2011

Initiate site IRB and regulatory approval process

2012

IRB/regulatory approvals, trainings, start

2013

Enrollments, follow-up

2014

• End of enrollment, continue follow-up

2015

Completion of follow-up, results



Retention from day 1 to day X

- ASPIRE is a many-month, multi-hour commitment
 - We have amazing retention now
 - Trust the teams, keep your enthusiasm
 - Team call : Off-site visits to ensure retention and adherence
- How can we continue to create cultures that make sites places where participants want to spend several hours each month? (and staff each day of each month)
 - Team call : Addressing participant fatigue



Adherence monitoring in MTN-020

- Monthly shipping, testing, and review of plasma dapivirine data, according to a pre-defined plan
- Information is reviewed by-site, rather than bysubject, preserving blinding. MOCK example:

SITE	% SAMPLES WITH DAPIVIRINE	ADHERENCE ESTIMATE = middle column x 2 (since ½ expected placebo)
1	50	100
2	48	96
3	40	80



Adherence monitoring in MTN-020

- Monthly shipping, testing, and review of plasma dapivirine data, according to a pre-defined plan
- Information is reviewed by-site, rather than bysubject, preserving blinding.
- Results? We are optimistic!



Accural→Retention→Adherence→Safety→ Quality

- Smart accrual
- High retention
- Motivated adherence (engagement)
- 100% attention to data quality & participant safety

Everything else flows from these



ASPIRE ...

ONE CHANCE OUR CHANCE



IT TAKES A TEAM









Malawi College of Medicine - JHU Research Project





















